

# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

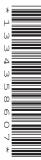
CHEMISTRY 9701/34

Paper 32 Advanced Practical Skills

May/June 2010

CONFIDENTIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Great care should be taken to ensure that any confidential information given does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.



The Supervisor's attention is drawn to the form on page 7 which must be completed and returned with the scripts.

If you have any problems or queries regarding these instructions, please contact CIE

by e-mail: International@cie.org.uk

by phone: +44 1223 553554 by fax: +44 1223 553558

stating the Centre number, the nature of the query and the syllabus number quoted above.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.



UNIVERSITY of CAMBRIDGE International Examinations

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### Safety

Supervisors are advised to remind candidates that **all** substances in the examination should be treated with caution.

Only those tests described in the question paper should be attempted. Please also see under 'Apparatus' on the use of pipette fillers, safety goggles and plastic gloves.

In accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) Regulations, operative in the UK, a hazard appraisal of the examination has been carried out.

Attention is drawn in particular, to certain materials used in the examination. The following codes are used where relevant.

C corrosive substance F highly flammable substance

H harmful or irritating substanceO oxidising substance

T toxic substance N dangerous for the environment

The attention of Supervisors is drawn to any local regulations relating to safety and first-aid.

'Hazard Data Sheets', relating to materials used in this examination, should be available from your chemical supplier.

### **Before the Examination**

1 Access to the guestion paper is NOT permitted in advance of the examination.

### 2 Preparation of materials

Where quantities are specified for each candidate, they are sufficient for the experiments described in the question paper to be completed.

In preparing materials, the bulk quantity for each substance should be increased by 25% as spare material should be available to cover accidental loss. More material may be supplied if requested by candidates, without penalty.

All solutions should be bulked and mixed thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

Every effort should be made to keep the concentrations accurate to within one part in two hundred of those specified.

Supervisors are asked to carry out any confirmatory tests given on page 4 to ensure the materials supplied are appropriate.

If the concentrations differ slightly from those specified, the Examiners will make the necessary allowance. They should be informed of the exact concentrations.

# 3 Labelling of materials

Materials must be labelled as specified in these instructions. Materials with an **FB** code number should be so labelled **without** the identities being included on the label. Where appropriate the identity of an **FB** coded chemical is given in the question paper itself.

# 4 Identity of materials

It should be noted that descriptions of solutions given in the question paper may not correspond exactly with the specifications in these Instructions. The candidates must assume the descriptions given in the question paper.

# 5 Size of group

In view of the difficulty of the preparation of large quantities of solution of uniform concentration, it is recommended that the maximum number of candidates per group be 30 and that separate supplies of solutions be prepared for each group.

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### **Apparatus**

- 1 In addition to the fittings ordinarily contained in a chemical laboratory, the apparatus and materials specified below will be necessary.
- 2 Pipette fillers (or equivalent safety devices), safety goggles and disposable plastic gloves should be used where necessary.
- 3 For each candidate
  - $2 \times 250 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$  beaker
  - 1 × foamed plastic (expanded polystyrene) cup
  - $1 \times -10$  °C to 110 °C at 1 °C thermometer
  - $1 \times 50 \, \text{cm}^3$  measuring cylinder
  - 2 × weighing bottles or stoppered test-tubes labelled FB 5 and FB 6
  - $1 \times \text{spatula}$
  - 1 × heat-proof mat
  - 1 × Bunsen burner
  - 1 × tripod and gauze
  - 1 × test-tube holder
  - 10 × test-tubes\*
  - $3 \times \text{boiling-tubes}$
  - 1 × test-tube rack
  - $2 \times \text{teat/squeeze pipettes}$
  - $1 \times$  marker pen (for labelling test-tubes)

paper towels

 $1 \times$  wash-bottle of distilled water

access to a balance weighing to 0.1 g or better

Where access to a balance is limited some candidates should be instructed to start the examination with Question 2.

<sup>\*</sup>Candidates are expected to rinse and re-use test-tubes where possible. Additional test-tubes should be available.

# **Chemicals Required**

It is especially important that great care is taken that the confidential information given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

Particular requirements

hazard	label	per candidate	identity	notes (hazards given in this column are for the raw materials)
	FB 1	1 tube	sodium hydrogencarbonate	weighing bottle or stoppered tube, labelled <b>FB 1</b> and containing between <b>1.9 and 2.1 g</b> of sodium hydrogencarbonate
	FB 2	1 tube	sodium hydrogencarbonate	weighing bottle or stoppered tube, labelled <b>FB 2</b> and containing between <b>3.9 and 4.1 g</b> of sodium hydrogencarbonate
	FB 3	1 tube	sodium hydrogencarbonate	weighing bottle or stoppered tube, labelled <b>FB 3</b> and containing between <b>5.9 and 6.1 g</b> of sodium hydrogencarbonate
[C]	FB 4	180 cm <sup>3</sup>	3.0 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> hydrochloric acid	Dilute 255 cm <sup>3</sup> of concentrated (35-37%; approximately 11 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) hydrochloric acid <b>[C]</b> to 1 dm <sup>3</sup> .
	sodium hydrogencarbonate	10 g	sodium hydrogencarbonate	solid supplied in a labelled and stoppered container
Check o	<b>Check on suitability of reagents</b> . $7g$ of sodium hydrogen the acid by approximately $9$ °C.	igents. 7 <i>g o</i> <i>°C.</i>	of sodium hydrogencarbonate adde	icarbonate added to $50\mathrm{cm}^3$ of <b>FB 4</b> (an excess of acid) should lower the temperature of
	FB 7	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.1 moldm <sup>-3</sup> ammonium iron(II) sulfate	Dissolve 39.2 g of $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ . FeSO $_4$ .6H $_2O$ [H] in each dm $^3$ of solution. If ammonium iron(II) sulfate is not available make a mixture containing 13.2g of $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ and 27.8g of FeSO $_4$ .7H $_2O$ [H] in each dm $^3$ of solution.
	FB 8	20 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.2 mol dm <sup>–3</sup> ammonium chloride	Dissolve 10.6g of $NH_4Cl$ [H] in each dm <sup>3</sup> of solution.
[F] [H]	FB 9	10 cm <sup>3</sup>	50% solution of butanone	Mix equal volumes of <b>freshly purchased</b> butanone <b>[H][F][C]</b> and distilled water.
Ξ	FB 10	10 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.1 moldm <sup>-3</sup> sodium sulfite	12.6gdm <sup>-3</sup> Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> <b>[H]</b>
Ξ	FB11	10 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.1 moldm <sup>-3</sup> sodium sulfite	12.6gdm <sup>-3</sup> Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> <b>[H]</b>
	FB 12	10 cm <sup>3</sup>	0.5 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> glucose solution	Dissolve 99.0g of D(+) glucose monohydrate in each $\mbox{dm}^3$ of solution.

The standard bench reagents required are set out below. If necessary, they may be made available from a communal supply: however, the attention of the Invigilators should be drawn to the fact that such an arrangement may enhance the opportunity for malpractice between candidates.

notes						See identity details and preparation instructions on page 45 of the 2010 syllabus. te]			E	
label	dilute hydrochloric acid	dilute nitric acid	dilute sulfuric acid	aqueous sodium hydroxide	aqueous ammonia	0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium chloride [or 0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> barium nitrate]	0.05 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> silver nitrate	0.1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> lead(II) nitrate	acidified aqueous potassium dichromate(VI)	2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine reagent
hazard	[H]	[c]	[H]	[c]	[H]	EΞ	[H] [N]	[T] [N]	E	(H)

The following materials and apparatus should be available.

red and blue litmus paper, plain filter paper strips for use with dichromate (VI), aluminium foil for testing for nitrate/nitrite, wooden splints, the apparatus normally used in the Centre for use with limewater in testing for carbon dioxide

### Responsibilities of the Supervisor during the Examination

1 The Supervisor, or other competent chemist **must carry out the experiments in question 1** and complete tables of readings on a spare copy of the question paper which should be labelled 'Supervisor's Results'.

This should be done for: each session held and each laboratory used in that session, and each set of solutions supplied.

N.B. The question paper cover requests the candidate to fill in details of the examination session and the laboratory used for the examination.

It is essential that each packet of scripts contains a copy of the applicable Supervisor's Results as the candidates' work cannot be assessed accurately without such information.

2 The Supervisor must complete the Report Form on page 7 to show which candidates attended each session. If all candidates took the examination in one session, please indicate this on the Report Form. A copy of the Report Form must accompany each copy of the Supervisor's Results in order for the candidates' work to be assessed accurately.

The Supervisor must give details on page 8 of any particular difficulties experienced by a candidate, especially if the Examiner would be unable to discover this from the written answers.

### After the Examination

Each envelope returned to Cambridge must contain the following items.

- 1 The scripts of those candidates specified on the bar code label provided.
- 2 A copy of the Supervisor's Report relevant to the candidates in 1.
- **3** A copy of the Report Form, including details of any difficulties experienced by candidates (see pages 7 and 8).
- 4 The Attendance Register.
- 5 A Seating Plan for each session/laboratory.

Failure to provide appropriate documentation in each envelope may cause candidates to be penalised.

### **COLOUR-BLINDNESS**

With regard to colour-blindness – a minor handicap, relatively common in males – it is permissible to advise candidates who request assistance on colours of, for example precipitates and solutions (especially titration end-points). Please include with the scripts a note of the index numbers of such candidates.

Experience suggests that candidates who are red/green colour-blind – the most common form – do not generally have significant difficulty. Reporting such cases with the scripts removes the need for a 'Special Consideration' application for this handicap.

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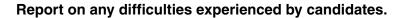
# **REPORT FORM**

This form must be completed and sent to the Examiner in the envelope with the scripts.							
Cen	tre Number	Name of Centre					
1 Supervisor's Results							
		ed in <b>Question 1</b> on a spare copy of the question nd showing the Centre number and appropriate					
2	The candidate numbers of candidates attending each session were:						
	First Session	Second Session					
3	The Supervisor is required to give details overleaf of any difficulties experienced by particula candidates, giving names and candidate numbers. These should include reference to:  (a) any general difficulties encountered in making preparation;						
	(b) difficulties due to faulty apparatus or materials;						
(c) accidents to apparatus or materials;							

Other cases of hardship, e.g. illness, temporary disability, should be reported direct to CIE on the normal 'Application for Special Consideration' form.

A plan of work benches, giving details by candidate numbers of the places occupied by the candidates for each experiment for each session, must be enclosed with the scripts.

(d) assistance with respect to colour-blindness.



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